

Module 1: Family life

Lesson 1: Family relationships



Vocabulary:

1-True: Consistent with fact or reality.

True # false

2- Magic

N: The art or practice of using charms, spells, or rituals to attempt to produce supernatural effects.

Magical (adj)

Magically (adv)

3-Supportive (adj) ; Furnishing support or assistance.

Support (n)

Supportiveness (n)

Supportively (adv)

3- Severe (adj): harsh, or strict, as in treatment of others.

Severity (n)

Severely (adv)

4-Easy-going (adj): Living without undue worry or concern ; calm.

5-Wisdom (n): The ability to discern or judge what is true and right.

Wise (adj)

Wisely (adv)

6-Fight (v): To attempt to harm or gain power over an adversary.

Fight (v) = quarrel (v)

7-Miserable (adj) : Very uncomfortable or unhappy .

Misery (n)

8-Divorce (n): The legal dissolution of a marriage.

Divorce # marriage

Divorced (adj) # Married (adj)

9-Orphanage (n); A public institution for the care and protection of children without parents.

Orphan (noun): a child whose parents are dead.

Orphanhood (noun): the state of being an orphan.

10- Afford (v):

To have the financial means for; bear the cost of:

11- Widow: A woman whose husband has died and who has not remarried.

12- Widower: A man whose wife has died and who has not remarried.



13-Aggressive (adj): Characterized by aggression.

Aggression (n)

Aggressiveness (n)

Aggressively (adv)

14-Quarrelsome (adj): Marked by quarreling.

15- Friendly (adj): Characteristic of or behaving as a friend.

16-Quick-tempered (adj): Easily aroused to anger.

17- Naughty (adj): Behaving disobediently.

18- Mean (adj): ungenerous.

19- Kind (adj): Having or showing a friendly, generous, sympathetic, or warm-hearted nature.

20-Moody (adj): Given to frequent changes of mood; temperamental.

Mood (n)

21-Let down : to withdraw support from.

22-Rely on : be dependent on , as for support or maintenance .

23-See eye to eye : be in agreement .

Grammar

Question Word	Function	Example
what	asking for information about something	What is your name?
when	asking about time	When did he leave?
where	asking in or at what place or position	Where do they live?
which	asking about choice	Which colour do you want?
who	asking what or which person or people (subject)	Who opened the door?
whom	asking what or which person or people (object)	Whom did you see?

whose	asking about ownership	Whose are these keys? Whose turn is it?
why	asking for reason, asking what..for	Why do you say that?
how	asking about manner asking about condition or quality	How does this work? How was your exam?
how far	distance	How far is Pattaya from Bangkok?
how long	length (time or space)	How long will it take?
how many	quantity (countable)	How many cars are there?
how much	quantity (uncountable)	How much money do you have?
how old	age	How old are you ?

How to keep a healthy family environment:

- Parents should play with their children
- Parents take time from work and other commitments to celebrate birthdays and holidays and do activities together as a family.
- Eating together is extremely significant and brings the family together.
- Adults listen to children and children listen to adults. A 5-year-old can have an opinion!
- No opinions are wrong, no question is inappropriate; there is safety in communicating.
- Avoid using abusive language
- Family members should work through difficulties together.



The importance of a healthy family environment:

- A healthy family environment makes children more sociable
- Family is also beneficial for the child's self-confidence
- A healthy family environment leads to success at school



- It helps the child's mental and physical development
- Family love, warmth and support contributes to the child's psychological equilibrium